

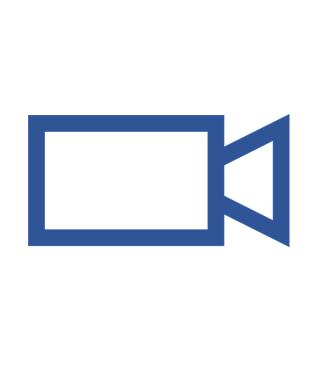
# Video-link in domestic trials Pre-trial stage

Video-link in criminal cases and the ECBA statement ECBA Autumn Conference - 11&12th September

## Public service v. Sacred social ritual?

"Technology should not impoverish the human experience of justice", Antoine GARAPON





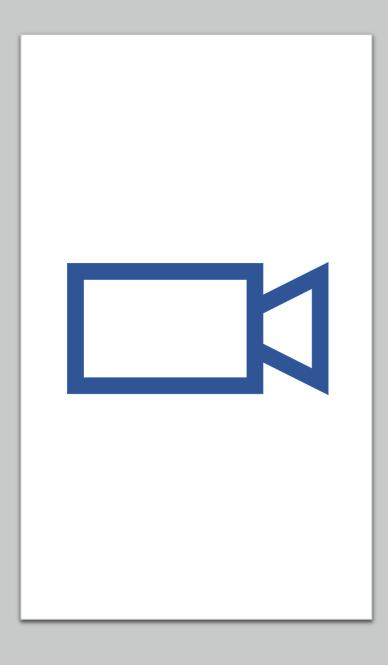
### 1. Videolink for investigation purposes

+ : costs, time, efficiency, less "undue" pressure, more witnesses and experts

- : less human (body language), equality before the law yet unequal mastering of technology

#### ECBA Statement (only on suspect and accused):

- Minor offences
- With genuine consent (lawyer, recording, LoR)



#### 2. Video-link and pre-trial detention

+: costs, time

- : acess to the judge, active participation / marginalization of the defendant, equality of arms, defence rights, impartiality and presumption of innocence, technical obstacles

#### **ECBA Statement:**

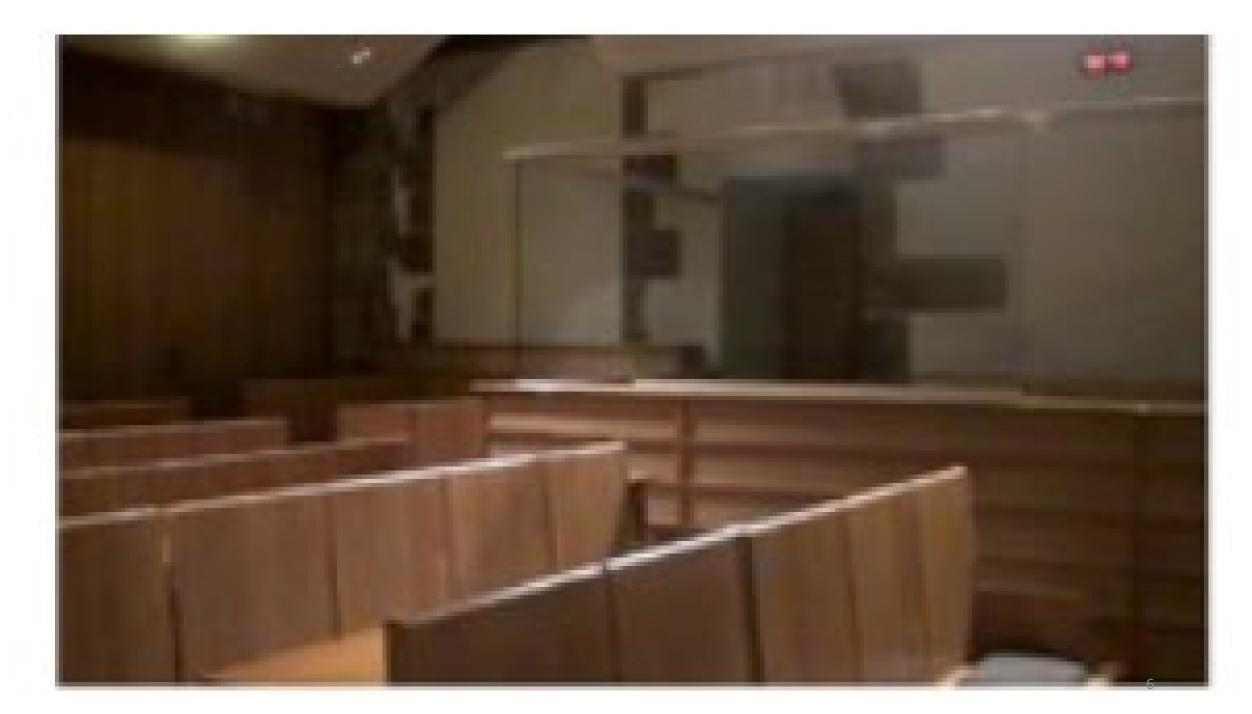
=> to be avoided!

#### COURT





DEFENDANT

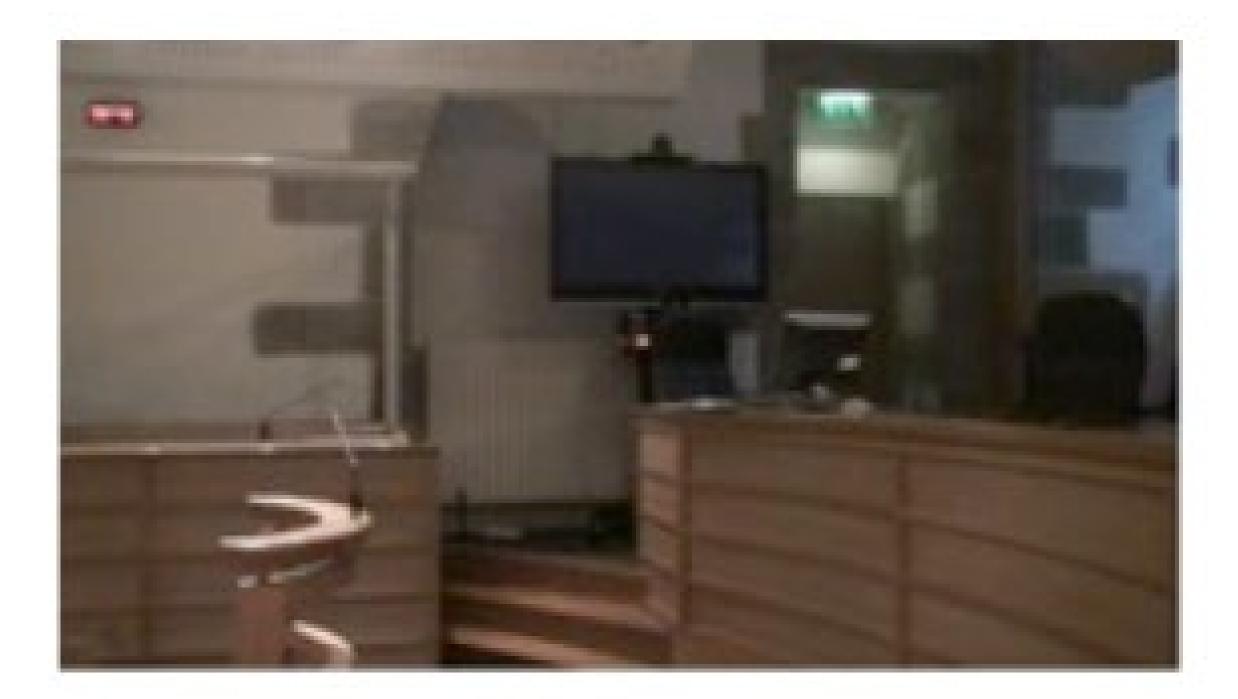














"From the day the Criminal Proceedings Code enabled video-link, everything has been done as if there were no difference between physical presence and remote presence, whereas the absence of physical presence associated to the use of that new technology is far from being neutral."

(PERROCHEAU & ZEROUKI COTTIN, 2018, La visioconférence dans le procès pénal français, d'un rituel à l'autre?)